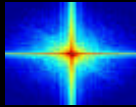


Spectral Processing of Point-sampled Geometry



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ETH Zürich



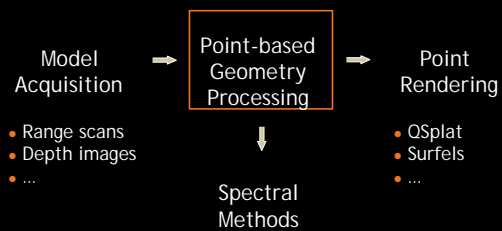
Outline

- Introduction
- Spectral processing pipeline
- Results
- Conclusions



Introduction

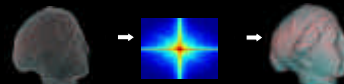
Introduction



Introduction

Spectral Transform

- Extend Fourier transform to 2-manifold surfaces



- ↳ Spectral representation of point-based objects
- ↳ Powerful methods for digital geometry processing



Introduction

Applications

- Spectral filtering:
 - Noise removal
 - Microstructure analysis
 - Enhancement
- Adaptive resampling:
 - Complexity reduction
 - Continuous LOD



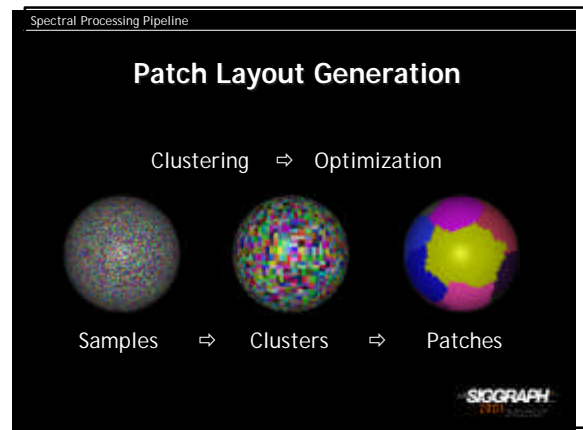
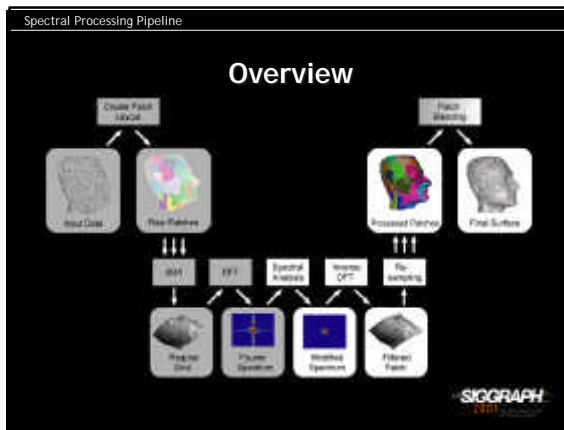
Introduction

Fourier Transform

$$X_n = \sum_{k=1}^N x_k e^{-j2p \frac{nk}{N}}$$

- Benefits:
 - Sound concept of frequency
 - Extensive theory
 - Fast algorithms
- Limitations:
 - Euclidean domain, global parameterization
 - Regular sampling
 - Lack of local control



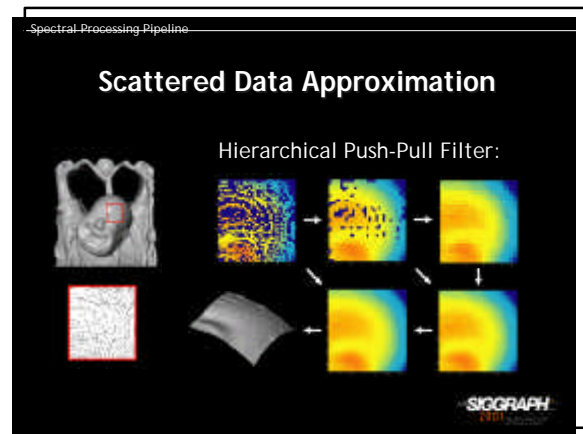


Spectral Processing Pipeline

Patch Merging Optimization

- Iterative, local optimization method
- Quality metric: $\Phi = \Phi_S \cdot \Phi_{NC} \cdot \Phi_B \cdot \Phi_{Reg}$
 - $\Phi_S \Rightarrow$ patch Size
 - $\Phi_{NC} \Rightarrow$ curvature
 - $\Phi_B \Rightarrow$ patch boundary
 - $\Phi_{Reg} \Rightarrow$ spring energy regularization

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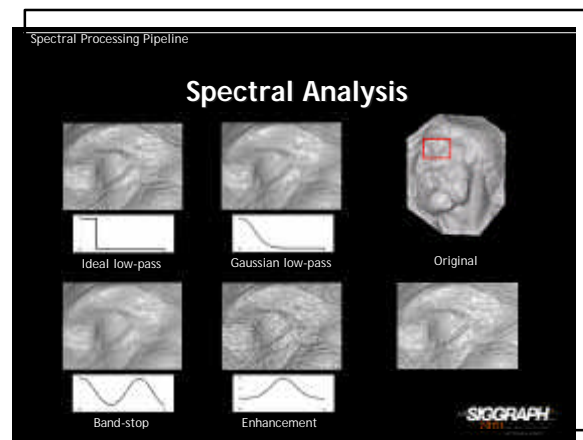
Spectral Processing Pipeline

Spectral Analysis

- 2D Discrete Fourier Transform (DFT)
 - \Rightarrow Direct manipulation of spectral coefficients
- Filtering as convolution:

$$F(x \otimes y) = F(x) \cdot F(y)$$
 - \Rightarrow Convolution: $O(N^2) \Rightarrow$ Multiplication: $O(N)$
- Inverse Fourier Transform
 - \Rightarrow Filtered patch surface

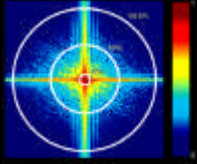
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Spectral Processing Pipeline

Resampling

- Low-pass filtering
 - ⇒ Band-limitation
- Regular Resampling
 - ⇒ Optimal sampling rate (Sampling Theorem)
 - ⇒ Error control (Parseval's Theorem)



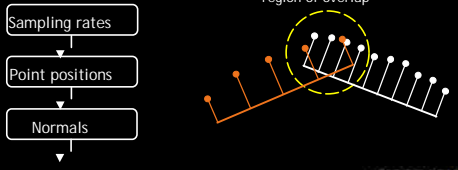
Power Spectrum

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Spectral Processing Pipeline

Reconstruction

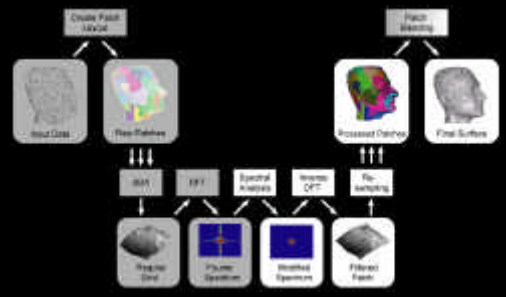
- Filtering can lead to discontinuities at patch boundaries
 - ⇒ Create patch overlap, blend adjacent patches



region of overlap

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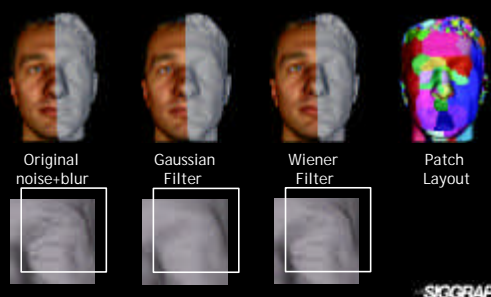
Spectral Processing Pipeline



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Results

Surface Restoration

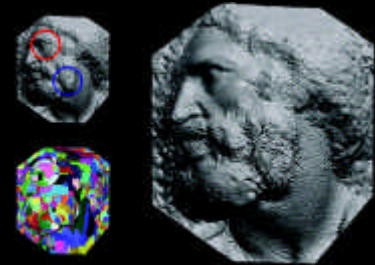


Original noise+blur Gaussian Filter Wiener Filter Patch Layout

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Results


Interactive Filtering



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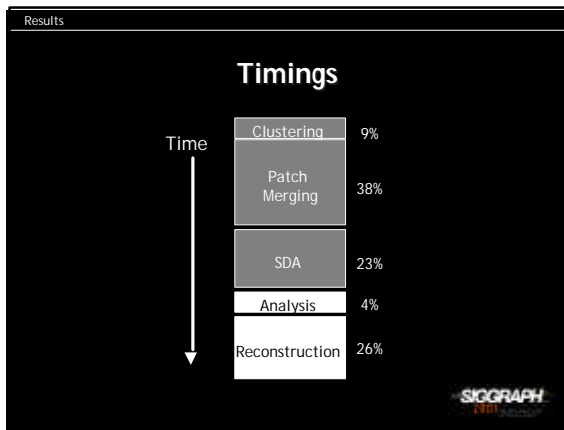
Results

Adaptive Subsampling



4,128,614 pts. = 100% 287,163 pts. = 6.9%

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Results

Timings

	Head	St. Matthew	David
#points	460,800	3,382,866	4,128,614
#patches	256	595	2,966
Preprocess	10.9	117.2	128.3
Total	15.8	153.0	189.6

- Conclusions
- ### Summary
- Versatile spectral decomposition of point-based models
 - Effective filtering
 - Adaptive resampling
 - Efficient processing of large point-sampled models
-

- Conclusions
- ### Future Work
- Compression
 - Scalar Representation + Spectral Compression
 - Hierarchical Representation
 - Modeling and Animation
 - Feature Detection & Extraction
 - Robust Computation of Laplacian
-

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